JULY 2013

CHARACTERISTICS OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS Mississippi Congressional District 1

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. SNAP touches the lives of over one in seven Americans. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2011, SNAP provided about \$919.8 million dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 622,596 people in Mississippi. The program served 72 percent of those eligible for benefits in Mississippi in 2010. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

The American Community Survey provides a snapshot of SNAP participants in 2009-2011 for each Congressional District. More detailed information for the Nation and each State is presented in *Characteristics of Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Households: Fiscal Year 2011*, available at http://www.fns.usda.gov/research-and-analysis.

Mississippi Congressional District 1

Characteristics	Households Receiving SNAP	Households Not Receiving SNAP	Total			
Households	41,557	246,897	288,454			
With one or more people 60 years and	24.3%	37.1%	35.3%			
over						
With children under 18 years	59.3%	32.0%	35.9%			
PC	POVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS					
Below poverty level	58.2%	11.8%	18.5%			
RACE AND	HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGI	N OF HOUSEHOLDER				
White	46.1%	77.1%	72.7%			
Black or African American	50.2%	20.7%	25.0%			
American Indian and Alaska Native	0.3%	0.2%	0.2%			
Asian	0.3%	0.5%	0.5%			
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%			
Islander						
Some other race	1.1%	0.7%	0.7%			
Two or more races	2.1%	0.8%	1.0%			
Hispanic or Latino origin (of any race)	2.2%	1.9%	1.9%			
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	45.0%	76.1%	71.6%			
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN	THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 201	1 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLA	RS)			
Median income (dollars)	\$15,998	\$44,888	\$39,515			
	WORK STATUS					
Families	32,244	173,484	205,728			
No workers in past 12 months	26.0%	15.3%	17.0%			
1 worker in past 12 months	49.9%	33.7%	36.2%			
2 or more workers in past 12 months	24.1%	51.0%	46.8%			

Sources: National Data Bank Version 8.2 Public Use, Annual FY 2011 Final (April 2013 download). Empirical Bayes Shrinkage Estimates of State Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Participation Rates in 2008-2010 for All Eligible People and the Working Poor (February2013). Available http://www.fns.usda.gov/research-and-analysis U.S. Census Bureau, 2009-2011 American Community Survey, using 112th Congressional District boundaries.

JULY 2013

CHARACTERISTICS OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS Mississippi Congressional District 2

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. SNAP touches the lives of over one in seven Americans. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2011, SNAP provided about \$919.8 million dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 622,596 people in Mississippi. The program served 72 percent of those eligible for benefits in Mississippi in 2010. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

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Mississippi Congressional District 2

Characteristics	Households Receiving SNAP	Households Not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	54,515	177,621	232,136
With one or more people 60 years and	24.6%	36.8%	33.9%
over			
With children under 18 years	58.7%	29.9%	36.7%
Pe	OVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST	T 12 MONTHS	
Below poverty level	63.1%	16.8%	27.7%
RACE AND	HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGI	N OF HOUSEHOLDER	
White	10.0%	43.2%	35.4%
Black or African American	89.2%	55.1%	63.1%
American Indian and Alaska Native	0.1%	0.2%	0.2%
Asian	0.1%	0.7%	0.5%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Islander			
Some other race	0.2%	0.4%	0.3%
Two or more races	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%
Hispanic or Latino origin (of any race)	0.6%	1.1%	1.0%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	9.8%	42.6%	34.9%
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN	THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 201	1 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLAR	RS)
Median income (dollars)	\$14,891	\$37,917	\$30,822
	WORK STATUS	·	<u>'</u>
Families	41,641	115,057	156,698
No workers in past 12 months	29.6%	16.3%	19.8%
1 worker in past 12 months	48.2%	36.5%	39.6%
2 or more workers in past 12 months	22.2%	47.2%	40.5%

Sources: National Data Bank Version 8.2 Public Use, Annual FY 2011 Final (April 2013 download). Empirical Bayes Shrinkage Estimates of State Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Participation Rates in 2008-2010 for All Eligible People and the Working Poor (February 2013). Available http://www.fns.usda.gov/research-and-analysis U.S. Census Bureau, 2009-2011 American Community Survey, using 112th Congressional District boundaries.

JULY 2013

CHARACTERISTICS OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS Mississippi Congressional District 3

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. SNAP touches the lives of over one in seven Americans. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2011, SNAP provided about \$919.8 million dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 622,596 people in Mississippi. The program served 72 percent of those eligible for benefits in Mississippi in 2010. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

The American Community Survey provides a snapshot of SNAP participants in 2009-2011 for each Congressional District. More detailed information for the Nation and each State is presented in *Characteristics of Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Households: Fiscal Year 2011*, available at http://www.fns.usda.gov/research-and-analysis.

Mississippi Congressional District 3

Characteristics	Households Receiving SNAP	Households Not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	38,543	246,191	284,734
With one or more people 60 years and	26.5%	36.8%	35.4%
over			
With children under 18 years	56.6%	30.7%	34.2%
PC	OVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST	12 MONTHS	
Below poverty level	63.2%	12.7%	19.5%
	HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGI	N OF HOUSEHOLDER	
White	32.0%	69.8%	64.7%
Black or African American	65.5%	27.5%	32.6%
American Indian and Alaska Native	1.0%	0.8%	0.9%
Asian	0.3%	0.9%	0.9%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Islander			
Some other race	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%
Two or more races	0.8%	0.4%	0.5%
Hispanic or Latino origin (of any race)	1.0%	1.5%	1.4%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	31.6%	68.9%	63.9%
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN	THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 201	1 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLA	RS)
Median income (dollars)	\$15,042	\$45,205	\$39,289
	WORK STATUS		
Families	28,757	163,952	192,709
No workers in past 12 months	28.9%	14.7%	16.8%
1 worker in past 12 months	47.9%	33.5%	35.7%
2 or more workers in past 12 months	23.2%	51.8%	47.5%

Sources: National Data Bank Version 8.2 Public Use, Annual FY 2011 Final (April 2013 download). Empirical Bayes Shrinkage Estimates of State Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Participation Rates in 2008-2010 for All Eligible People and the Working Poor (February2013). Available http://www.fns.usda.gov/research-and-analysis U.S. Census Bureau, 2009-2011 American Community Survey, using 112th Congressional District boundaries.

JULY 2013

CHARACTERISTICS OF SNAP HOUSEHOLDS Mississippi Congressional District 4

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the cornerstone of the Nation's nutrition assistance safety net. SNAP touches the lives of over one in seven Americans. Benefits are available to most people who meet the financial requirements, and the program serves a broad spectrum of low income people. In Fiscal Year 2011, SNAP provided about \$919.8 million dollars in food benefits to a monthly average of 622,596 people in Mississippi. The program served 72 percent of those eligible for benefits in Mississippi in 2010. SNAP also has an economic multiplier effect; every dollar in new SNAP benefits results in \$1.80 in total economic activity.

The American Community Survey provides a snapshot of SNAP participants in 2009-2011 for each Congressional District. More detailed information for the Nation and each State is presented in *Characteristics of Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Households: Fiscal Year 2011*, available at http://www.fns.usda.gov/research-and-analysis.

Mississippi Congressional District 4

Characteristics	Households Receiving SNAP	Households Not Receiving SNAP	Total
Households	41,958	237,871	279,829
With one or more people 60 years and	21.4%	36.4%	34.2%
over			
With children under 18 years	61.9%	30.4%	35.1%
PC	OVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST	12 MONTHS	
Below poverty level	59.7%	12.3%	19.4%
	HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGI	N OF HOUSEHOLDER	
White	52.6%	79.1%	75.1%
Black or African American	44.3%	17.6%	21.6%
American Indian and Alaska Native	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%
Asian	0.8%	1.4%	1.3%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Islander			
Some other race	0.5%	0.7%	0.6%
Two or more races	1.5%	0.9%	1.0%
Hispanic or Latino origin (of any race)	1.6%	3.0%	2.8%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	51.7%	77.0%	73.2%
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN	THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 201	1 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLA	RS)
Median income (dollars)	\$15,732	\$46,973	\$41,215
	WORK STATUS		
Families	32,177	162,660	194,837
No workers in past 12 months	24.3%	16.2%	17.5%
1 worker in past 12 months	51.0%	34.7%	37.4%
2 or more workers in past 12 months	24.7%	49.1%	45.1%

Sources: National Data Bank Version 8.2 Public Use, Annual FY 2011 Final (April 2013 download). Empirical Bayes Shrinkage Estimates of State Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Participation Rates in 2008-2010 for All Eligible People and the Working Poor (February2013). Available http://www.fns.usda.gov/research-and-analysis U.S. Census Bureau, 2009-2011 American Community Survey, using 112th Congressional District boundaries.